gland in 1898.

THE duke of Leeds will be appointed to succeed the earl of Aberdeen as governor-general of the Dominion of Canada, the latter returning to En-

On the 24th President McKinley approved the joint resolutions of congress authorizing the payment of session employes of congress, and providing for mileage and stationery.

THE Transvaal government has suppressed the publication of the Johannesburg Star, the leading newspaper in the Rand, in consequence of that journal's criticisms of the administra-

THE immigration bill of the last ses-President Cleveland, was reported from the committee on immigration, on the

THE senate committee on appropriations, on the 24th, ordered the agricultural bill reported just as it recently passed the house, and as it was sent to the president near the close of the last | to. An evening session devoted to a discussion congress.

THEODORE F. SWAYZE, of New Jersey, has been appointed chief clerk of formerly chief clerk of the treasury de-

THE United States weather bureau, on the 17th, gave out the startling information that 800 square miles of the state of Arkansas was under water and that the Mississippi river would continue to rise.

THE state department was notified, on the 25th, that Wu Ting Fang, the new Chinese minister to the United States left home on the steamer Gaelic March 18, and is due in San Francisco about April 1.

THE admirals of the combined fleets in Cretan waters, on the 17th, made a formal proclamation of the intention of an autonomous government, subject to the suzerainty of the sultan.

A VERY serious situation exists throughout the central and western districts of the island of Jamaica, in consequence of the extreme scarcity of water, which is eausing widespread suffering among the inhabitants.

held in Chicago, on the 26th, to discuss the supreme court's decision in the what are the best methods for the companies to propose in connection with

FAILURES throughout the United States, as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., for the week ended on the 27th, aggregated 291, as against 259 for the corresponding week last year. For Canada the failures were 50, against 59 last

SECRETARY BLISS, on the 17th, sent a letter to Commissioner Lamoreux of the general land office, whose action in the Chicago lake front case was annulled and severely censured, offering to Mr. Lamoreux an opportunity to defend himself.

A BILL to create a new state out of the counties of New York, Kings, Richmond, Queens, Suffolk, Westchester and Putnam, was introduced in the New York legislature at Albany on the 23d. Provision for submitting the question to a vote was made.

Gov. BUSHNELL of Ohio sent the foltowing telegram to Mayor Clapp of than 300 people were in line at 7 a. m., Memphis on the 23d: 'Ohio recog- nearly 100 having held places all night. nizes your generosity in caring for the sufferers by flood. If more tents are and over \$12,000 was realized from the needed, will gladly send them to aid in | sale. your work. Please advise me."

THE town of Calabazar, very near Havana, was attacked, on the 23d, by the insurgents under Aranguer, who burned many houses, pillaged several stores and then retired. Maj. Abluerna and nine other Spanish officers, including five captains, were made prisoners.

IT was stated in Constantinople, on the 25th, that in the event of a blockade of Greek ports by the war ships of the powers, the admiral commanding the British squadron was under instructions to acquiesce therein. but the British fleet will take no part in the actual blockade.

PRESIDENT DWIGHT of Yale college and the several members of the faculty united in a protest against the action of the ways and means committee in placing books and scientific apparatus for educational institutions on the dutiable list, after having been free for many years, and the paragraph was

On the 22d the senate confirmed the aominations of Gen. Clayton, of Arkansas, to be minister to Mexico; Wm. M. Osborne, of Massachusetts, to be consul general at London; John K. Gowdy, of Indiana, to be consul-general at Paris, and Joseph N. Brigham, of Ohio, to be assistant secretary of

SYLVESTER SCOVEL, the newspaper correspondent who was imprisoned 31 days in Cuba, arrived in New York, on the 23d, on board the steamer Seguranca, from Havana. Mr. Scovel was in the best of health, and stated that a great deal of sympathy had been wasted on him, as he had been treated with great consideration and kindness.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER'S representative at the recent meeting of the Bessemer Iron association, in Cleveland, O., made a fight against a reduction of the wages of the miners. It was stated, after the meeting had adjourned without reaching an agreement, that the wages of the men in the Rockefeller mines would not be cut, no matter what others did.

A HUNDRED sailors from the United in Rome, on the 21st, and attended the assembly without amendment. pope's mass. The rector of the Ameripapal blessing.

Fron County Register. NEWS AND NOTES.

A Summary of Important Events.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

(Special Session.)

In the senate, on the 22d, during an open session of forty minutes nearly 200 bills were in troduced and many others were reported back from committees, among the latter the free nomestead bill and the immigration bill with the provision as to Canadian labor eliminated. The four great appropriation bills—the agricul-tural, the Indian, the sundry civil and the general deficiency-were referred to the committee on appropriations. A resolution was agreed to calling upon the president for correspondence in the Dr. Ruiz case In the house the tariff oill was read by the clerk and its discussion opened by Mr. Dingley, followed by Mr. Wheeler iem., Ala.) in opposition. Other speeches for and against followed, and at five so'clock the house took a recess until eight, when the debate was continued.

In the senate, on the 23d, a resolution offered by Mr. Allen (pop., Neb.), directing the comnittee on civil service to inquire into the dismissal of certain employes of the bureau of sion of congress, which was vetoed by animal industry, led to a long discussion and general denunciation of the civil service law, and was, after amendment, adopted. Three bills were passed, among them one to supply 22d, and placed on the calendar of the tents to flood sufferers; and several were introduced In the house the debate on the tariff bill was continued, several speeches being made in favor of and in opposition to the prowar to purchase tents for the houseless victims of the Mississippi valley floods was agreed

of the tariff bill, was held. In the senate, on the 24th, the agricultural bill was reported back in the shape in which it passed the house, and was placed on the calendar. Mr. Allen introduced a bill for the repeal the treasury department, vice Logan and annulment of the civil service law and Carlisle, resigned. Mr. Swayze was of all executive orders issued under it. A bill 26th, a third postponement being necto restrict the exhibition of kinetoscope illustrations of prize fights was referred to the judiclary committee. The senate then went into executive session In the house the third day's general debate on the Dingley tariff bill was participated in by a large number of speakers on both sides of the house. No other busiess occupied the attention of the body.

In the senate, on the 25th, Mr. Hoar, as ranking member of the committee on privileges and lections, explained that he had not called a neeting of that committee to consider the case of John A. Henderson, of Florida, appointed by he governor to fill a vacancy, on account of the numerous vacancies in the committee. Nearly three hours were spent in executive session on the arbitration treaty without making material progress. The bankruptcy bill was then taken up and read in full, as was a substitute offered by Mr. Nelson (rep., Minn.), after the arbitration treaty, the proceedings were unusually interesting. A large number of speeches the powers to confer upon the island on both sides were made. A night session was

held for general debate on the treaty. In the senate, on the 26th, during the open session the civil service commission was again subjected to adverse criticism and ridicule by Mr. Gallinger, and the printed circular of the commission upon which he based his strictures was referred to the committee on civil service and retrenchment to investigate the whole subject. Resolutions of inquiry were offered and adopted as to the future disposition to the arrest and imprisonment of American A MEETING of railroad lawyers was sailors in Cuba. After a protracted executive In the house consideration of the tariff bill under the five-minute rule began, but soon led to Trans-Missouri case, and to determine a debate based on democratic charges that republicans favored trusts and did not want to legislate against them. During the afternoon

several changes of duty were made in the bill. PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

THE body of Georg Johnson, a Swede, aged 35, was found hanging hospital a well child. from the limb of a tree in Forest park in St. Louis on the 23d. Johnson was could not send to Sweden for his sweet to the self-murder.

MICHAEL J. O'BRIEN, the Chicago politician and west side saloon keeper, who shot and killed his wife about two years ago, was sentenced, on the 23d, to the penitentiary for life.

THE widow of the Baron de Hirsch is \$1.800,000 to divers benevolent enterprises in America.

THE opening sale of seats at Cincingagement of the Metropolitan Opera stitution. Co. was the largest ever known for a similar engagement in that city. More One purchaser alone paid \$700 for seats,

M. A. Pelton, a machinist at the paper mill at Watervliet, Mich., was caught on a shaft between two beaters, on the 22d, and literally torn to pieces. His head and arms were wrenched off and he was otherwise

horribly mangled. THE magazine of the Rock Glycerine Wellsville, N. Y., blew up, on the 22d,

quite badly hurt. In a wreck on the Cleveland & Marietta railroad at Eagle Hill, O., on the ware schedules proposed by the ways 24th, Fireman Dye was pinioned be- and means committee. tween the engine and tender and death

saving him from a horrible death. joint resolution, which passed congress on the 25th, authorizing the secretary of war to furnish tents to the sufferers

of the Mississippi river floods. and David Olive were burned, the lat- lutely ruined.

ter fatally.

CAPT. SAMUEL C. LEMLY, judge advocate general of the navy, went to Pitts- dealer of Brooklyn, one of the withonorary degree of doctor of laws from

THE Cuban insurgents captured Holguiu, in Santiago de Cuba, on the 21th. | boat in the harbor of Ferroll, Spain, on The town is a very important one and the 27th. There were 30 persons in the the news of its loss has cast great boat, 21 of whom were drowned. The

Emperor William I., who was born that the rebel loss at the battle of a bill to be presented to congress, ask-March 22, 1797, was observed through- Ymus exceeded 1,600 killed and wound- ing or laws against the adulteration

out Germany as a national holiday. Вотн anti-trust bills introduced by killed and 245 wounded. the Lexow trust investigating commit-States steamship San Francisco arrived tee have been passed by the New York other severe shock of earthquake, ac-

THE president and Mrs. McKinley at | morning of the 27th, at 12:15 o'clock. can college accompanied them. When tended the last indoor cavalry drill at A MARBLE bust of Mrs. Harriet mass was over the pope addressed the Fort Myer, Va. They drove over with Beecher Stowe was unveiled, on the sailors, assuring them that he sincerely | Col. and Myron T. Herrick, of Cleve- 27th, in the University building, Washappreciated their homage. He con- land, who are stopping at the White ington place, New York city. cluded by bestowing upon them the House. Secretary Porter and Mrs. Por- William T. Adams (Oliver Optic) died ter were also of the party.

FRANK BUTLER, the prisoner of many aliases, who is wanted in Australia for half a dozen murders, has volunteered a queer confession, declaring and endeavoring to prove that, ten years ago, he killed a fellow soldier at Walla Walla, Wash., for which he is amenable to the United States.

THE engine in mill No. 2 of the Edgar Thomson steel works at Pittsburgh, Pa., ran away, on the 25th, resulting in the bursting of the immense fly wheel. David Hugo, engineer, whose legs were crushed, is dead, and George B. McClelland was fatally in-

THIRTY men were injured on board the British first-class cruiser Theseus, on the 24th, while practicing outside the harbor at Malta, by the explosion of torpedoes which were being lowered into the ship's launch.

THE pope gave an audience, on the 25th, to a number of Americans who are on their way home from a pilgrimage to Jerusalem. After celebrating mass his holiness pronounced an allocution, highly praising the Catholics of the United States, and distributed souvenir medals among the pilgrims.

THE Austrian cruiser Satellit arrived in Suda bay, on the 25th, having in custody a Greek steamer with 60 volposed measure. The senate joint resolution ap- unteers on board, and a Greek sailpropriating \$15,000 to enable the secretary of ing vessel laden with ammunition intended for the Cretan insurgents. Both were captured by the Satellit while they were attempting to run the blockade.

> THE new gunboat Wilmington did not start for her speed trial run over the Long Island Sound course, on the essary on account of the heavy sea that was prevailing.

> Ar Lapaz, Ind., on the night of the 25th, as the result of an old feud between Jacob Leeds and Blanchard Thomas, the latter was shot and instantly killed by Leeds.

On the 26th the Rock Island Railroad Co. served notice of withdrawal from all the traffic associations, passenger and freight, of which it had been a member.

THE news concerning the death of Dana Osgood, half back of the Pennsylvania university eleven, in the Cuban army, is confirmed by the receipt which the senate adjourned.....In the house, it being the last day of the general discussion on from Oscand's father. The letter is a from Osgood's father. The letter is a copy of one received by the latter from Capt. Cox, who went to Cuba with the famous athlete.

Passengers from Havana, on the 26th, reported that serious trouble was expected in Havana at any moment, the immediate cause being the effort of the Spanish government to force fiat money on the merchants of the city, the public and officials in the Spanish of the Union Pacific railway property, and as army, This money is paper, and is guaranteed by nothing except faith in from Cripple Creek, Col., the other day, low mark.

AMELIA FRANKS, who lay near the point of death at Philadelphia.coughed up, on the 26th, the bullet which her father fired into her body ten days before, and thereby saved her life. Her physicians said that if she continued to improve during the next few days she would soon be able to leave the

In an interview published in London with William R. Cremer, formerly memout of employment, and it is supposed ber of parliament (radical). who is edthat brooding over the fact that he itor of the International Arbitration league organ, the Arbitrator, Mr. heart to come over and get married led Cremer is quoted as saying that he considers it inadvisable to ratify the amended arbitration treaty. He credits Senator Morgan with being the chief obstacle.

REPRESENTATIVE GRIGGS, of Georgia on the 26th, introduced a resolution providing that measures be taken to credited with the intention soon to give have the constitution so amended as to give congress the power to impose and collect an income tax without regard to the proportion to the census or nati, on the 22d, for the coming en- enumeration provided for in the con-

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE ROCK-HILL, although appointed by Cleveland, is not to be disturbed. At least, this is what the political gossips at the state department say. His services are considered of especial value at this time, because of his familiarity with the many important foreign complications.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

THE senate was not in session on the 27th In the house, in committee of the whole, consideration of the Dingley tariff bill was proceeded with, very Co., located a mile and a half from slow progress being made. Mr. Johnson (rep., Ind.) protested against the and Shooter Youngs, his team of horses dilatory tactics employed, and asked and wagon were blown to atoms. Dorr Mr. Dingley if a change could not be Clark and Thomas Meyer, who were at | made which would result in more rapid work 50 feet from the magazine, were work. As a result of the day's work a few immaterial changes were made in the chemical and earths and earthen-

THE young ladies of the different seemed certain to him from the flames church societies of Lebanon, Ind., are of the wreck, but with rare presence of preparing to farm on the Pingree plan mind and nerve, he called upon a min- the coming season for the benefit of er, Ed Jones, to take his pocket knife the poor. One real estate firm has and cut his arm off, which was done, come to their assistance by donating the use of 50 vacant lots. Some of the THE president promptly signed the most prominent society girls in Lebanon will be found wielding the hoe as soon as the weather will permit.

THE Avondale mine, operated by the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Co. at Avon-Two grocery stores, a meat market, dale, Pa., is threatened with destruction. warehouse and a residence were For days past water has been pouring burned at Andrews, Ind., on the 22d. into the mine from the bottom of the The fire is supposed to have been in- Susquehanna river and unless it can be cendiary; loss, \$20,000. Fred Reeves checked soon the mine will be abso-

DR. GEORGE D. PURINTON, of St. THE family of Louis Perez, an insur- Louis, one of the most prominent bigent chief, consisting of two sisters ologists of the United States and a chemand eight children, have been captured | ist known from one end of the country by Spanish troops and placed in the to the other, committed suicide at the prison for disorderly women in Ha- Lindell hotel on the night of the 27th,

by taking prussic acid. JOSEPH LOADER, a wealthy furniture burgh, Pa., on the 24th, to receive the nesses against the defendant in the famous Tilton-Beecher trial, has been the Western University of Pennsyl- arrested on a charge of perjury preferred by his wife.

A STEAMER ran into and sank a large gloom over official circles in the city of remaining nine were rescued in an ex-

hausted condition. THE celebration of the centenary of THE official report from Manila states ed. The Spanish loss is placed at 37 of nour.

MONTREAL, Can., experienced ancompanied by loud explosions, on the

in Boston on the 27th.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

The Home for Ex-Slaves. Something may be done for the home for dependent ex-slaves at St. Joseph

by the Buchanan county court. A petition has been presented to the court asking that \$500 be contributed in money or work. The county court is giving out work every day, and may turn some of it in the direction of the home. The board of managers for the home has on hand a small sum, and will resume the work of clearing away the debris of the wrecked building as soon as the weather will permit. The house will be rebuilt at once.

Managers of the Confederate Home. Gov. Stephens has appointed the following members of the board of managers of the Confederate home, located at Higginsville:

James Bannerman, St. Louis, state treasurer; Frank L. Pitts, Paris; W. C. Bronough, Lewis Station: B. C. Jones, Popiar Bluff: Charles H. Vandiver, Borland; B. F. Murdock, Platte City; Henry A. Newman, Huntsville; John W. Halliburton, Carthage, and A. L. Zollinger, Otter-Normal Oratorical Association.

A State Normal Oratorical association has been organized, composed of the literary societies of the Warrensburg, Kirksville and Cape Girardeau normal schools. The first contest will be held at Warrensburg about the middle of next March, and the winner will represent Missouri in the interstate con-

Paralyzed During the Night.

Secretary Frank Beack of the republican district and Buchanan county central committees, and a well-known resident of St. Joseph, is suffering from a stroke of paralysis, which may prove fatal. He was paralyzed during the night, and lay for hours unattended.

One Idea of a Minister. At a recent meeting of Methodist (North) ministers of St. Louis, Rev. Dr. T. H. Hagerty said: "Let us be ministers, not politicians, nor business men; let us be such earnest men of God that even the little children may point us out and say "That is my pastor."

Butted By a Young Calf. Henry Staley, two miles north of Warrensburg, was butted in the chest by a young calf. The accident was thought to be a commonplace one, but the following day his mind became a complete blank, and he was unable to recognize his own relatives.

Mr. Dockery Assists Churches. Says a Washington dispatch: Representative Dockery is acquiring a reputation for generosity to churches, and has recently found opportunity to seek out three deserving Missouri churches. To each of these he has sent his personal

check for \$500. Brought Back by the Cashier. F. H. Wentworth, cashier of the National Bank of Unionville, returned where he succeeded in capturing Charles A. Armstrong, who is wanted at Unionville for alleged forgeries committed

last fall. Compromised His Case. W. H. Edmonson, a postal clerk on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway at Sedalia, was injured in a wreck. He brought suit against the railroad company for \$25,000 damages, but has com-

promised the case upon the payment of

Lost an Eye. Vest Wherley, named in honor of Senator Vest, son of J. M. Wherley, a farmer living six miles east of Sedalia, lost his left eye at Salem school by a young lady friend, who accidentally stabbed him in the eye with a shawl

A Boom for Sedalla. The Missouri, Kansas & Texas will soon begin work on its car plant at Sedalia. As soon as the plant is completed work will begin, it is said, on

1,300 new cars for the road. Is Now State Property.

The warranty deed conveying the Confederate home property to the state of Missouri was filed for record the other day with the recorder of deeds for Lafayette county.

Wants Her Share. Mrs. Margaret Boyer Bonnell, who had been mourned as dead for 20 years, has turned up at Clinton and filed suits for a division of her father's estate.

R. P. McClure wants to be surveyor of customs at St. Louis. He is a contractor, and erected the wigwam in which McKinley was nominated.

A Kansas City man says that negroes can be turned white by the proper use of electricity. He will try the experiment on two colored gentlemen. Whirled to Death.

A New Electrical Field.

T. H. Caldwell was caught in the belting in Hatch & Kennedy's machine shops at Galena, and whirled to death He was 17, and was engineer. Louisiana's Coal Oil Inspector.

Gov. Stephens has appointed W. H. Owen to the office of coal oil inspector for the city of I ouisiana for a term of two years from March 2, 1897.

Died in a Mine. John Sturmer, a miner, was overcome by foul gases in the Claycomb & Staples mine, near Joplin. He leaves a widow and three children.

Rev. Pendleton Brooke, pastor of St. Paul's Episcopal church, Clinton, a brother of Bishop Brooke, of Oklahoma. died in Clinton, recently. Dr. M. H. Woodfin.

Rev. Pendleton Brooke.

Dr. M. H. Woodfin, who was born in Henry county, Tenn., in 1827, and who had resided in central Missouri since 1857, died at Sedalia.

Prof. C. M. Woodward, of St. Louis, has notified Gov. Stephens that he no longer desires to act as curator of the state university. A Fine Structure Dedicated.

The new high school huilding at Joplin was dedicated the other day. The building is of Carthage stone, and

The millers of St. Louis are preparing

.These Two Got There. The president has appointed George W. Smith postmaster at Sweet Springs, and Albert L. Jurden postmaster at

Murdered During the Night. S. G. Wilson, proprietor of the Bon Ton restaurant at Trenton, was murdered the other night by unknown parWORK OF LEGISLATORS.

Nearly Twelve Hundred Bills Passed Through the Hopper.

Synopsis of the Grist Ground Out By the Missouri Legislative Mill During the Recent Session-Many Bills Killed.

The Thirty-ninth general assembly put about 1,200 bills through the legislative hopper, the great majority of which did not get beyond the commit-

Following is a complete list of the bills which have passed both houses, a majority of which, through the sheer lack of time, had not up to adjournment sine die, received the governor's signature.

An act to define the liabilities of railroad corporations in relation to damages sustained by their employes and to define who are fellowservants and who are not fellow-servants and to prohibit contracts limiting liability under this act. (February 9.) An act to appropriate money for the payment

of interest on the bonded debt of the state and

the certificates of indebtedness issued and held in trust by the state for the school and seminary funds during the years 1897 and 1898. (February 9.)

An act to appropriate money for the state sinking fund to be used in the redemption or purchase of bonds. (February 9.)
An act to amend article 2 of chapter 42 of the revised statutes of Missouri of 1888 by adding a new section, to be known as section 2592, regu-lating freight charges for melons and berries grown in Missouri. (February 15.) An act to amend an act entitled "An act to redistrict the state into judicial circuits and to fix the terms of court therein; of extra session of 1892, and to enact a new section in lieu there-

Approved 1893, and to enact two new sections in lieu thereof. (February 15.)
An act to amend article 3 of chapter 140,
Revised Statutes of Missouri, 1889, entitled "Municipal townships for road purposes," by adding thereto one section, to be numbered 789A. (February 17.) 789A. (February 17.)
An act amending "An act creating and establishing the Thirtieth judicial circuit of Missouri and designating the time of holding court therein and providing for the appointment of a judge thereof." (February 23.)

An act to appropriate money for the cost of the assessing and collecting of the revenues for the years 1897-98, including contingent expenses of the state board of equalization. (February An act to provide for the payment of state and county school funds apportioned to school districts formed of cities, towns and villages, and of territory adjacent thereto, to the treas-urer of such district. (February 24.) An act authorizing boards of school directors

in counties having, or hereafter adopting, town-ship organization, to loan sinking funds. (Feb-An act to provide punishment of owners or custodians of aged and otherwise infirm ani-mals, who refuse to restrain the same from run-ning at large. (February 24.)

An act to increase the number of terms of court in the county of Benton, etc. (February An act to prevent the exhibition of deformed persons and animals. (February 24.)
An act authorizing the holding of four terms of the county court of Montgomery county, etc. (February 24.)

(February 24.)
An act to provide for the establishment and maintenance of a home for disabled and indigent honorably discharged federal and Mexican soldlers of Missouri and their wives, etc. (March 1.) An act declaring the confederate home at Higginsville, Mo., to be an electrosynary insti-tution of the state of Missouri, etc. (March 10.) An act to amend section 3 of an act entitled Court of Buchanan County, etc. (March 16.) An act providing that only citizens of the inited States may solemnize marriage. An act defining the duty of secretary of state as to bonds-adding a new section to chapter 118. (March 1.)

An act to repeal chapter 189 of the Revised Statutes of 1889 of the state of Missouri, enti-tled "Vagrants." (March 4.) An act to appropriate money for the support of the public schools of the state. (March 4.) An act to amend section 427, chapter 8, of the Revised Statutes of 1889, relating to assign-ments, appraisers. (March 4.) An act declaring the treatment of diseases of the human body by the system known as osteopathy not to be the practice of medicine, etc. (March 4.) An act to amend section 6059, chapter 93, General Statutes, 1889, relating to grand and petit jurors (March 4.)

The new primary election. (March 5.)
An act providing for holding two terms of the
Lewis county circuit court, etc. (March 5.)
An act to enable the county court of Andrew county to pay Jacob Schell the amount of mone expended by him during the years 1891, 1892, 1893 and 1894, etc. (March 5.) and 1894, etc. (March 5.)

An act empowering the county clerk of any county in the state to convene the county court forthwith for the purpose of passing upon the sanity of an apprehended poor person supposed sanity of an apprehended to be insane. (March 5.) An act requiring persons, associations and corporations owning or operating to provide for the well-being and protection of employes—the

vestibule bill. (March 5.) An act affecting the time of holding court in the Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth judicial districts. (March 5.) An act to amend an article of chapter 43 of the Revised Statutes of 1889, relating the require-ment by railroad corporations of connecting lines outside the state. (March 5.) An act to amend article 1, chapter 89, of the Revised Statutes of 1889 of the state of Missouri to remove the insurance department to Jeffer-son City. (March 6.) son City. (March 6.)

An act to amend an act entitled "An act ereating a board of election commissioners in cities having 100,000 inhabitants," keeping polls open until seven o'clock. (March 8.)
An act to amend section 624 of chapter 11 of
the Revised Statutes of 1889, entitled "Attor-

neys at law, graduates of universities, Washington university and Kansas City school of law, admitted to practice law on diploma." (March 8.) An act to entitle cities, towns and villages operating under special charter and containing 1,000 inhabitants or less to levy and collect a license tax on sundry businesses, employments agencies, amusements and sundry other sub-jects, With emergency clause. (March 9.) Not An act to authorize the transfer of \$25,000 from

the insurance department fund to the state revenue fund. (March 9.)
An act to amend section 4 of an act entitled "An act relating to manufacturing, mechanical, mercantile and other establishments and places, and the employment, safety, health and work hours of employes," approved April 20, 1891. An act to add to chapter 89, article 5, Revised Statutes of 1889, entitled "Insurance; general provisions," six new sections, to be numbered respectively 5012A, 5012B, 5012C, 5012D, 5012E and 5012F. (March 11.) 5912F. (March 11.)

An act to appropriate money for the purpose of paying the salaries of civil officers for the years 1897 and 1898, commencing June 1, 1897, and ending December 31, 1898. (March 11.) Not ap-

An act to amend section 335, article 1, of chapter 31, of the Revised Statutes of 1889, en-titled "Municipal bonds," by striking out said section 335 and enacting a new section in lieu thereof. (March 11.)
An act to amend section 3667 of the Revised Statutes of 1889, concerning union depots and union depot corporations. (March 11.) Not ap-

An act to provide for the more uniform as-sessment and taxation of street railroads in cities of this state. (March 11.) Not approved. An act to repeal sections 3749, 2752, 3758 and 3759 Revised Statutes 1889, and amendments thereto and tempter new sections to be known. thereto, and to enact new sections, to be known as sections 3749, 3752 3758 and 2789, in lieu thereof. (March 11.) of. (March II.)

An act to amend section 1339 of article 3 of chapter 39 of an act entitled "Cities of the second class," of the Revised Statutes for the year 1889. (March 15.)

1889. (March 15.)

If An act to amend sections 7517 and 7519 of article 1 of chapter 138, entitled "Taxation and equalization," of the Revised Statutes of the State of Missouri for the year 1889. (March 18.) Not approved.

An act authorizing the railroad and warehouse commissioners to require railroad companies to make connection and interchange cars. (March An act to repeal an act entitled "An act to repeal section 47 of an act approved April 7, 1892, entitled 'An act to redistrict the state into ju-dicial circuits and fix the terms of courts there-

in, and to enact in lieu thereof a new section, fixing the terms of court in the Nineteenth judicial circuit," approved March 9, 1883, and to enact a new classification of convicts."

(March 15.) Not approved. An act to amend section 7332 of article I, chapter 126, of the Revised Statutes of Missouri of 1889, entitled "Penitentiary classifications of convicts." (March 15.) Not approved. An act to amend section 3 of an act entitled "An act establishing the office of marshal of

Jackson county and defining his powers and du-ties," approved February 1, 1871 (March 15) Not An act to amend section 7993, chapter 148, ar-ticle 1, Revised Statutes of Missouri, 1889, enti ticle 1, Kevised Statutes of Missouri, 1889, enti-tled "schools." (March 15). Hn act to exempt farmers' mutual hall insur-ance companies from the provisions of chapter 80, Revised Statutes of Missouri, entitled "In-

surance" (March 15)

An act to enlarge the jurisdiction of courts of records in suits to determine and quite the title to real estate. (March 15.) Not approved.

An act amending sub-division of section 1255 of the Revised Statutes of 1889, concerning issue of licenses in cities of the second class. (March 15.) Not approved.

An act relating to the manner of appointment of offices in city of the second class. (March 15.) Not approved.

Not approved. An act to amend section 4117, Revised Stat-utes of 1889, relating to practice and proceed-ings in criminal cases. (March 15.) Not ap-

An act to repeal an act to provide for exam-ination of banks and fund companies incorpo-rated under article 7, chapter 42, of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, 1889, and trust companies, sattues of aissouri, 1889, and trust companies, and providing for prosecuting such companies when discovered to be in violation of the law approved March 12, 1895, and to enact a new act in lieu thereof. (March 15.) Not approved. An act to amend section 7067, chapter 115, article 2, of the Revised Statutes of 1889, entitled "Safety and inspection of Mines." (March 15.) An act to amend article 4st chapter 115 of the An act to amend article 4 of chapter 140 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri of 1889, by adding thereto a new section, to be known as section 7908, providing for the disposition of moneys collected as road taxes on real and personal property within the limits of incorporated cities, town and villages. (March 15.) Not ap-

An act more particularly defining the power and authority of an assignce under the general assignment law of this state. (March 15.) Not An act creating a charity board in counties

containing cities of more than 50,000 and less than 100,000 inhabitants, and providing for the appointment, regulations and powers thereof. (March 15.) Not approved.

An act to amend section 7107 of chapter 118 of the Revised Statutes of 1889, entitled "Notaries public." (March 15.)

An act to repeal section 5869 of article 2 of chapter 89 of the Revised Statutes of 1889, en-titled. "Insurance companies on the assessment plan," and to enact a new section in lieu there-of, to be known and designated as section 5869 of article 3, chapter 99, of the Revised Statutes of article 3, chapter 99, of the Revised Statutes of 1889, reliating to statement of affairs of assessment, insurance companies and misrepresentation made in securing a policy of insurance and defense thereon for such misrepresentations. (March 15.) Not approved.

An act to amend an act, entitled, "An act in regard to allens to restrict and their rights to acquire and hold real estate in this state," approved April, 1895, by adding to section 2 of said act a proviso explanatory of said act, and permitting aliens to loan money on real estate in this state and to purchase real estate under foreclosure. (March 15.)

An act to amend section 56 of an act entitled, "An act to repeal article 5 of chapter 30 of Re-An act to amend section so of an act entitled, "An act to repeal article 5 of chapter 30 of Re-vised Statutes of 1889, entitled cities of fourth class, and to enact in lieu thereof a new article providing for the government of cities of the fourth class," approved April 11, 1895, and to enact in lieu thereof a new article. (March 16,) An act to repeal an act entitled "An act to re-peal section 54 of an act entitled to redistrict the state into judicial districts and for the terms of state into judicial districts and fix the terms of court herein, approved April 7, 1838, and to enact a new section in lieu thereof, approved March 31, 1883, and to enact a new section in lieu thereof, approved April 8, 1895," and enact a new sec-tion in lieu thereof. (March 16.) An act to amend an act to amend article 3, chapter 60, of the Revised Statutes of 1889, entitled "Elections in cities and towns of 5,000 in-habitants and over, and extending the Austra-

lian system of voting to all voting precincts in the state," approved April 4, 1891, by repealing sections 4873, 4775, 4780 and 4781, and enacting in lieu thereof a new section. (March 16.) An act to create a commission to light public buildings and making appropriation therefor. (March 16.) Not approved. An act to repeal sections 919, 920, 921, chapter 23, of the Revised Statutes of 1889, entitled "Bridges," and enact a new section in lieu thereof. (March 16.)

An act to repeal section 5 of an act approved March 18. 1836, entitled "An act to provide for the government and support of the state reform school for boys, and for the commitment of boys under 18 years of age convicted of of boys under 18 years of age convicted of crime," and to repeal article 5 of chapter 89, be-ing sections 5731 to 5756, inclusive, of the Revised Statutes of 1889, entitled "Reform School for Boys," and to enact a new section in lieu thereof. (March 16.) Not approved.

An act, section 8427 of article 1, of chapter 162, of the Revised Statutes of 1889, relating to township organization. (March 16.) An act passed by the Thirty-eighth general assembly, entitled "An act providing for the indowment of the state university and for the stablishment and endowment of free scholar ship of merit therein in each county. ing a new section after section 1 of said act, to be numbered section 1A. (March 16.) An act to define the limits of the city of Palmyra, Marion county. (March 16.)
An act defining and regulating fraternal beneficiary societies, orders or associations providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing sections 2823 and 2824 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, and substituting and enacting a new section in lieu thereof. (March 16.) Not approved.
An act authorizing the holding of an election in incorporated cities of over 10,000 inhabitants for the purpose of voting on a proposition to levy a tax for library building fund, where library has been established under an act relat ing to libraries in cities, towns, villages and townships, approved April 10, 1895. (March 17.) An act amending and revising an act entitled "An act amending and revising an act entitled "An act providing for the endowment of the state university and for the establishment and endowment of free scholarships of merit therein," approved April 1, 1895, by amending the first, third and fifth sections of these relating to a collaterel inheritance tax, a franchise tax or corporations a patent medicine tax and dison corporations, a patent medicine tax and dis-positions of money received by the state treas-urer under the act. (March 17.)

An act entitled, "An act to repeal section 48 of an act entitled. 'An act to repeal section 48 of an act approved March 28, 1893, page 145, acts of 1893, entitled, 'An act to redistrict the state into

udicial circuits and fix the terms of court there-n," and to enact a new section in lieu thereof. (March 18.) An act to amend section 8003 of the Revised An act to amend section 8003 of the Revised Statutes of 1889, as amended by act of March 28, relating to schools and affecting colored chil-dren. (March 18.) Not approved. An act relating to the Sixth judicial circuit and the terms of court therein. (March 18.) The Civic Federation school board bill. Not

approved.

The horse breeders' bill. Not approved.

The Demagogue's Bill of Fare. A certain candidate for a city office. so the story goes, made it a rule that callers should be admitted to see him at any moment, even if he were at table, says the Youth's Companion. This rule, it is needless to say, applied only before election. When he was seated one day at a meal of canvasback duck and champagne, and his maid-servant announced that a deputation of men from the ward was waiting in the hall to see him, he did not order these articles removed until he had found out who the men were. "They looks like workin'men, sir," said the maid. "Then quick, Bridget! Take off the duck and the wine and bring me some cold chicken and a cup of coffee." The servant did as she was bid. She had gone out of the room after executing the order, and the politician was devoting himself in a somewhat gingerly way to the cold chicken, when the girl came rushing in again. "I've just found out, sir," she said, "that they's a delegation of poor, half-starved strikin' tailors from the sweat-shops." The politician gave a long whistle. "Ah, then, if that's the case, Bridget, take off the chicken and coffee and just hand me a cold potato and a glass of water and show them in!"-Youth's

Companion.

Edmund Halley. Probably the greatest service which Halley ever rendered to human knowledge was the share which he took in bringing Newton's "Principia" before the world. In fact, as Dr. Glaisher, writing in 1888, has truly remarked. "but for Halley the 'Principia' would not have existed." Halley had the genius to perceive the tremendous importance of Newton's researches and he ceased not to urge upon the somewhat recluse man of science the necessity for giving his discoveries publication. Having been authorized by the Royal society to undertake the printing of the book at his own expense. Halley spared no pains in pushing forward the publication of his illustrious friend's great work, so much | done long ago. so that in the same year he was in a po Latin hexameters in praise of New- claim, it is easier to ride than the biton's genius, which he printed at the beginning of the work. The last line An act creating a bureau of building and loan supervisions and inspection; providing for the appointment of a supervision by the governor, and defining his duties; providing for clerical help; providing for the raising of a building and loan supervision fund, etc. (March 18).

An act providing for the compensation of circuit judges and prosecuting attorneys in certain counties of this state. (March 12)

An act to amend section 42 of an act entitled

An act to amend section 42 of an act entitled "An act to redistrict the state into judicial circuits and to fix the terms of court therein," approved April 7, 1882, as amended by an act of the general assembly approved March 18, 1895.

(March 15.)

Antipodean authorities consider that the Australian baseball nine, now on its way over, has an excellent chance to defeat the leading major league clubs of the United States.

THE GREAT FLOODS.

An Ominous Warning Issued by the Weather Bureau.

The Flood Wave Still at Calro-In Southeastern Arkansas and Western Mississippi the Greatest Strain is Yet Nearly Two Weeks Off.

Special River Bulletin. Washington, March 28 .- The following. special river bulletin has been issued by the

weather bureau: The flood wave is still at Cairo, which-

shows a stationary gauge reading 51.6 feet for the past four days. There is great danger yet to come from the flood in the region from Helena south-

ward to New Orleans. The river will continue to rise for at least ten days in the region from Helena southward to Vicksburg and to rise during a longer period from Vicksburg southward. If no break occurs before, levees will be subjected to the greatest strain about April 10, in southeast Arkansas and western Mississippi and Louisiana. Should the le-

vees break, the result will be one of the most disastrous floods ever known. Weather conditions now indicate additional heavy rainfall in the middle and lower Mississippi valleys, which will ma-

terially intensify the flood conditions. Those living in districts overflowed in former years should be on the safe side and transfer stock and movable property to places of known safety while there is yet WILLIS L. MOORE, Chief of Bureau.

A Bad Break Reported. Мемриів, Tenn., March 29, 1:10 а. m. -Message just in that a large break has occurred in the levee at Wayside, Miss., nine miles below Greenville. The break is reported to be a bad one, and in a section of levee high and regarded as measurably safe.

All Special Danger Successfully Combatted. MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 28.-Another day has passed with no break in the levee system either above or below this point, and to-night finds those most directly concerned in the stability of the levees decidedly more confident in pre-

venting disaster. The chief interest of the day centered at Helena, Ark., and Greenville, Miss, and every hour at those places was turned to hard work by the male population, reinforced by hundreds of volunteers, and at other shaky points in the systems hundreds of convicts have been kept busy. In this way the chances are decidedly in favor of holding the levee against the flood pressure. Maj. T. G. Dabney, chief engineer of the Yazoo-Mississippi levee board, wires to-night that "they we suc-

assurance than heretofore that we will pull through, though the pressure is enormous along the lower 40 miles of my line." M. Gileas, assistant general superintendent of the Valley line of the Illinois Central railroad, wires at 5 p. m.: "Have just seen the Longwood levee that was reported to have been broken.

cessfully combatted all special danger

that has arisen so far and I feel more

The levee is yet intact and a large force is raising it." There are no new developments of an important character in the levees along the Arkansas front. River here stands 36.3, a fall of one-tenth in 24 hours.

The local weather bureau to-night reports that the cyclonic disturbance near Austin, Tex., this afternoon is sweeping in the direction of the Mississippi valley and will probably strike to-morrow afternoon, bidding fair to

create havoc with the levees. The Situation Growing Worse Hourly. QUINCY, Ill., March 28 .- The Mississippi continues to keep up its average of the past week and marked another rise of six inches to-day, bringing the stage up to 15 feet above low-water mark. Reports from northern points are very discouraging and the indications are that to-morrow will see another six-inch rise. The situation is growing worse hourly. Hundreds of families have been driven out of the lowlands which are unprotected by levees. The water has inundated the Missouri bottoms for a distance of seven miles back from the river bank. Up in the levee districts things look gloomy. Although the water has not yet reached the top of the levee, a break is expected at any time, and a big force of men are working night and day to strengthen the weak places. Another force is engaged in patrolling the levee. The damage already done by the flood is great, but will be nothing compared to what it will do to the thousands of acres of cultivated land between here

and Warsaw should the levee break. The Bohemian Flats Half Under Water. St. PAUL, Minn., March 28 .- The Bohemian flats on the east side of the Mississippi river are half under water to-night and the residents nearest the river have been forced to take to the hills. The remainder of the residents will remain up all night to watch the rise of the river. The gauge shows that the river had passed the ten-foot mark shortly before ten o'clock this morning and since that hour there has been a steady but slow rise. The ice has been going out all day and gorged at the high bridge at South St. Paul. As it is thawing very rapidly the gorged ice is becoming rotten and will break away probably during the night. Lake Pepin, the arm of the Mississippi at Lake City, is reported still solid, but is expected to break up during the next three days.

All the rivers to the north are rising.

CYCLING GOSSIP. Cyclometers that weigh more than three ounces are now scorned by all well regulated wheelmen; but the first cyclometers weighed three pounds.

A legging or high shoe that is tight about the ankle interferes with correct cycling. The ankle covering should be loose enough to admit of free circulation and easy movement. Most of the leading makers of wheels

now give a choice of saddles, and some

a choice of tires. This is a distinct advantage to riders, and should have been The next thing in the line of prog sition to present a complete copy to ress is the unicycle. Naturally one King James II., with a proper discourse | wheel will run with less friction than of his own. Halley also wrote a set of | two wheels, and if, as the inventors

cycle (which seems doubtful), we may

look for its general adoption in a few years. Switzerland is a cheap country for cycle touring. A meal of bread, butter, honey, cheese and coffee costs 15 cents, while a five or six-course dinner can be had for 60 cents. With splendid scenery and good and safe roads, riding in the Alpine country is ever delightful.